

## Managing Urethral Obstructions in Dogs - Quiz.

Thank you for registering for the virtual Managing a Urethral Obstruction in the Dog workshop. In order to receive your RACE credits for this virtual workshop, you will need to complete the test (the multiple choice questions PDF). You must receive a grade of 70% or better in order to receive the RACE credits. Here are ways in which you can submit your answers to the test:

- 1) Print the PDF, circle or place an X on the answer of your choice. Scan your answered test and email to us.
- 2) Download the PDF and Answer directly from your computer if you have the applicable program and return answered test to us by email.
- 3) Simply email the answers to us in the following format (note that answers below are for the purpose of the example only):

Question 1: a  
Question 2: b  
Question 3: c  
Etc

### **Return the test questions to: [info@focusandflourish.com](mailto:info@focusandflourish.com).**

We will grade the answers and send your certificate via email. If you do not receive a passing grade of 70%, you can repeat the test as often as necessary so no worries, you got this!

Thank you  
Focus and Flourish

- 1) If the urolith has failed to dislodge during retropulsion (choose the incorrect statement)
  - a. I should reassess my retropulsion technique.
  - b. I should do a urethrotomy.
  - c. I should reassess the size catheter that I have chosen.
  - d. I should reassess my patient's state of relaxation.
  - e. I should reassess if the saline is being appropriately bolused in.
  
- 2) To successfully retropulse a stone into the bladder of a male dog; I should ensure that: (select the INCORRECT statement)
  - a. I select the largest catheter that I can insert through the penile opening.
  - b. I have a good lateral radiograph that clearly shows the entire lower urinary tract
  - c. My assistant understands that he needs to carefully and slowly push in the warm saline.

- d. My patient has adequate pain control and relaxation drugs on board.
- e. I have obtained a thorough history from the client so that I truly know how the urolith has been a problem..

3) Which statement is INCORRECT. If I was not successful at retropulsing the urolith into the bladder:

- a. I should reassess my technique, the patient's level of relaxation; what my assistant is doing.
- b. I should repeat the technique but this time intermittently occlude the pelvic urethra.
- c. I should consider emptying the bladder the repeating radiographs of the lower urinary tract.
- d. I should consider adding sterile KY gel to the saline.
- e. I should consider demanding a refund for the course.

4) Which of the following statements regarding urinary catheters is FALSE

- a. A polypropylene catheter is meant to be used to deal with an obstruction.
- b. A polyvinylchloride catheter is best used as an indwelling catheter
- c. Foley catheters for male dogs are not available.
- d. A red rubber catheter is versatile and can be used to retropulse a urolith.
- e. Foley catheters are great as they do not need to be sutured in to the prepuce or perineum.

5) Regarding the urethrotomy: Which of the following statements is FALSE. :

- a. A urethrotomy is more difficult to perform if the stone is within the os penis.
- b. A urethrotomy site should be left open in order to minimize complications
- c. It is best to avoid placing an indwelling urinary catheter after performing a urethrotomy.
- d. Before performing a urethrotomy, one should re-assess his/her retropulsion technique.
- e. A urethrotomy site should be sutured closed in order to minimize complications.